

# A JUNE WEDDING.

A pretty nuptial knot was tied last Wednesday evening, at 5 p. m., at the parsonage of St. Augustine Church, Father Bisschoff officiating. The interested parties were Miss Julia V. Brooks, a Marylander by birth, but who has lived the greater part of her time in Washington, and Mr. J. B. Edelin, one of our best known young business men. The wedding was a quiet affair, only the immediate relatives and friends of the high contracting parties, being present. After the ceremony, the happy couple took the

6.30 train for Philadelphia and Germantown, where they will spend a few weeks, the guest of the bride's sister, Mrs. Charles Miller and other relatives. During their honeymoon trip they will visit Atlantic City, Cape May and other resorts on the Atlantic coast. They will be at home to their friends at 1144 19th street, N. W., from July 4th. Miss Brooks is an active member of the Metropolitan A. M. E. church and has many friends without as well as within the church. The presents were numerous and costly, among them a purse of \$100 in gold.

his campaign was that Mr. Fleming was not vigorous in his waving of the bloody flag. Hardwick was a member of the Georgia state legislature for several terms, and presented at each session a bill to disfranchise the Negro, but the solons of that state sat down on his bill as regularly as it appeared, and with heft and vigor. In fact he could never muster as many as a half dozen votes to his support. He is nothing if not a notoriety seeker, however, and he sees no better way to jump into sudden notoriety than by springing this bill in the halls of the National Congress.

Benjamin B. Herbert, editor of the National Printer-Journalist, published at Chicago, says in the June number of that periodical that "Both Negroes and Caucasians in the South need less of partisan politics in the newspapers and everywhere else and more of agriculture, commercial and industrial development generally, and of manual and industrial training especially, and all the means and methods thereof." Mr. Herbert says truly, but he should have said also that as a general thing the partisan attitude of southern newspapers is confined to the Caucasians. The Negro papers of the South in nearly every instance are constantly calling upon their white neighbors to cooperate in the development of the South along commercial and industrial lines. It strikes me that one of the reasons operating in the South against its development is the secret fear of the Caucasians that the ability of the Negro, if given free scope, would place them far ahead of their white neighbors. Mr. Herbert says in another place in the same editorial, that "if the whites fool away their time in fighting over offices and politics and the Negroes keep steadily at the work of improvement in the trades and agriculture, and the practice of the same, \* \* \* in a hundred years the Negroes will be the possessors of the land, of the wealth, of the shops, factories and railroads in the South, and in the end, will become the ruling class." Mr. Herbert sounds this note as a warning to the white man of the South, and it is no less of value to the Negro as a spurring-on cry to continue his work and march toward the goal of commercial and industrial independence, which carries with it, as a matter of course, financial accretion.

Rev. N. C. Cleaves, pastor of Israel C. M. E. Church, is doing acceptable work among the people of that congregation. He has preached some special sermons that have attracted attention, and that have been the means of arousing serious thought. One of his sermons covered the subject of "Christianity in the solution of the race problem." He handled the subject in a masterly manner, and whether agreeing with his conclusions or not, one was obliged to the able and exhaustive treatment accorded the subject.

We are able to state that the published interviews in the New York Sun by Dr. C. H. Parkhurst have been repudiated by that gentleman and by his closest friends. Dr. Parkhurst sincerely regrets that any question as to his loyalty to the colored people should have been aroused in any quarter. He has no views that are defamatory of the Negro or that would cross the opinions held by the high-minded members of both races.

## BISHOP SMITH'S DAUGHTER, A MUSICIAN.

Miss Susie Smith, daughter of Bishop Smith of the African M. E. church, a piano pupil of Director Alberto Jonas, and Mrs. Ezra von Grave-Jonas, of the Michigan Conservatory of Music, gave a graduation recital in the hall of that institution, Wednesday afternoon. Miss Smith is a very talented young woman, playing exceptionally well, and in the theory and harmony class standing at the head of her fellow students. Her graduation program embraced Chopin, Raff, Rubinstein, Moskowski, and Glinka-Balakirew.—*News Tribune.*

## DRESS MAKING ACADEMY.

The de Lam Orton Famous French Perfection Tailor System, Mme. J. A. Smallwood, sole agent, 1513 Madison street, northwest.

Morning class from 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. Afternoon class 2 to 5 p. m. daily. Evenings from 7:30 to 10 o'clock. Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, dressmakers and ladies who wish to do their own dress-making.

WANTED.—To learn the wonderful De Lam Orton French Perfection Tailor System. Seamless Basques without one inch of visible seam, in lining or goods, not even on the shoulder. Successful dressmaking requires as much earnest progressive study as successful work in any profession. No detail is too small to be looked after. We teach you to make dresses with or without seam and guarantee perfect fits, and complete your course with a diploma.

If you have a spare room that you would like to rent to desirable parties, advertise them in The Colored American.

## SUMMER RESORTS.

FOR RENT—Summer of 1903 Lincoln Hall Harper's Ferry, W. Va. For particulars address N. C. Brackett.

Please Help Me Find My Brother  
Saunk Joyce was sold in Mecklenburg, Virginia several years before the civil war, to Cannigan a Negro trader. His mother, Willie, was a slave on the Joyce plantation. He had one sister Betty, who is very anxious to find him. Any information will be gladly received.  
MRS. BETTY REYNOLDS.  
44 Parker street, Atlanta, Ga.

## WANTED

For the Famous Troubadours Company,

Three Chorus Girls, with strong Soprano voices. Must be good looking, good dressers on and off the Stage. State salary expected; we pay railroad and Hotel expenses. The season of 1903-04, beginning Sept. 15th. Address all communications to E. W. Dale, Cape May City, N. J.

## THE DUDLEY INN.

A natural garden spot, high with constant breeze from the Blue Ridge mountains, frequent drives, good board TERMS:—\$3.00 and \$3.50 per week. Apply to, MISS T. FLETCHER, Lincoln, Loudoun Co., Va., Box 22.

## THE LIVINGSTON DRESSMAKING SCHOOL.

The Livingston Dress cutting and Dress making school is offering a new attraction. A class has been formed in which embroidery as applied to personal adornment is taught. Miss Charlotte E. Hunter, has been placed in charge of this work. Persons desiring to learn decorative embroidery should apply at once to Mrs. L. R. Clarke, principal of the school as only a limited number can be taken.

Terms, etc., cheerfully furnished at the school, 1439 W St. N. W.

## BOARDING

By The Week or Month.

Apply to—

MRS. M. J. BUNDY,  
941 T St., N. W.

## THE TURNER HOUSE.

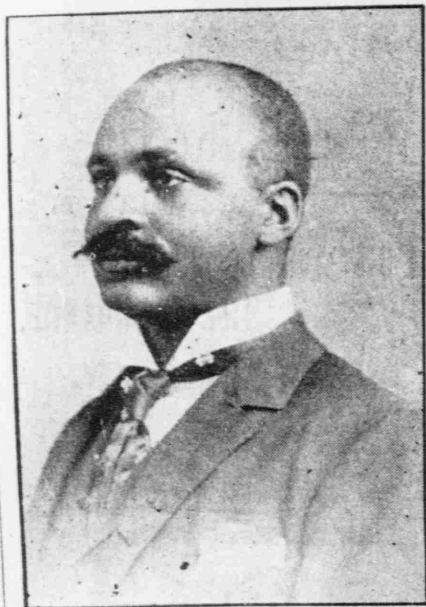
Everything in the season that's fit to eat. A delightful ride to Chesapeake Junction, and a visit to The Turner House.

DANIEL TURNER, Prop.

## IS IT A SCHOOL YOU WANT ?

For particulars address J. H. Wilson, No. 53 Sherman avenue, Springfield, Ohio.

N. B.—The headquarters of the National Teachers' Agency have heretofore been at 459 C street N. W., but they are now located at the above address, where all correspondence should be sent. Prompt attention will be given to all business entrusted to it.



MR. J. B. EDELIN.



MISS JULIA V. BROOKS.

## ORANGE BLOSSOMS.

Mr. Edward H. Hunter, a high salaried and most efficient clerk in the General Land Office, was married to Miss Jennie M. Spears, principal of Mott School, Thursday evening, June 18th, at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. Amelia Bennett, 1513 17th street, N. W. Rev D. G. Hill, D. D., pastor of the Metropolitan A. M. E. church, officiated. Only a few friends were present, no invitations having been issued; and the marriage being entirely quiet and devoid of formal social function. In addition to Mr. Hunter's duties in the government service, it is his purpose and that of his bride to do some social settlement work, in a quiet way, as soon as they can find suitable location and when the fall season begins. They have the congratulations of their many friends. They are at present the guest of the Misses Patterson, at 1532 15th street, N. W.

Mrs. Charles W. Chesnutt, Miss Helen, the baby Dorothy, and Mr. Edwin Chesnutt, all of Cleveland Ohio, are spending the summer at Aundel on the Bay, with Mrs. H. C. Tyson.

Mr. J. C. Robertson, chief of the Real Estate Department of the G. N. order of True Reformers, of Richmond, Va., is in the city on business.

Capt. Edward L. Webster, of the Pension Bureau, and Jennie M. Anderson, were married at Philadelphia on Tuesday, the 23d. Wednesday they left for a month's sojourn at Plymouth, Mass., the native home of Mr. Webster, Boston and other Northern cities. They will be at home after July 20th, at 323 Elm street, Le Droit Park.

Editor T. Thomas Fortune, of the New York Age, who has just returned from the Hawaiian Islands and the Philippines, as a special commissioner of the Government, was given a banquet at Gary's and Costley's last night. The representative men of the city, including lawyers, doctors, editors business men were out in large numbers. Mr. Fortune was elated at the ovation given him.

## PERTINENT PARAGRAPHS.

The fact that a Negro was brutally tortured, burned, and the lifeless body hacked and dismembered by the ruthless hands of an infuriated mob out in Illinois teaches us no new lesson. It is simply an additional instance of the fact that, whether in the North or in the South, man's brutish instincts need but an indication of an incentive and they are given full play. It mattered not that the Negro had simply shot without killing a white man. The mob had not the excuse of "a life for a life," nor did they require it. The red gorge of murderous and inhuman barbarity is not bounded by the Mason and Dixon line.

At Springfield, Illinois, the reception to President Roosevelt included exercises at the tomb of Lincoln. Among the soldiers at the tomb were a part of the Eighth Regiment (colored) of the Illinois national guards. No utterance made by the President on his western tour was more worthy of him, or rang with truer sincerity, than his greeting to these colored soldiers. Said President Roosevelt: "It seems to me eminently fitting that the guard around the tomb of Lincoln should be composed of colored soldiers. It was my own good fortune at Santiago to serve beside colored troops. A man who is good enough to shed his blood for his country is good enough to be given a square deal afterwards. More than that no man is entitled to, and less than that no man shall have."

I see from the Associated Press dispatches sent out from Atlanta, Ga., that Congressman Hardwick, of the Tenth district (Georgia), has prepared a bill to repeal the franchise amendments to the Constitution. Mr. Hardwick is a new Congressman and feels that it is absolutely necessary for him to do something to get his name in the papers, thereby keeping his promise to his constituents. He succeeds the Hon. Wm. H. Fleming, a courtly gentleman and a true man, and one of the arguments used by Hardwick in